

## Literacy with Dylan- Compound Sentences



**New Directions: Personal and Social Development,  
Maximising Independence**



Name:



Date:

One of the boxes is full of **nouns**

Other is full of **verbs**.

Please label the boxes on the lines below.

One will be labelled **nouns** (person place or thing)

One will be labelled **verbs** (which is an action word)

One will be labelled **pronouns** (word you use instead of a noun)

his, her, their, them, its, we,

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ocean, street, pebble, planet, football

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run, jump, think, wander, pray, eat.

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Please label these boxes either

**Common noun** (any name or a noun with a name, always capitalized)  
or **proper noun** (anything without a name).

Sligo, Ireland, Rovers,  
Strandhill, W.B.Yeats

Grave, mountain, football,  
road, strand, field

### Compound Sentences

A compound sentence is a sentence made up of two independent clauses. A conjunction joins these two sentences, examples of conjunctions are below

For, And, Nor, But, Or, Yet, So

Examples of compound sentences include the following: the conjunction is in **bold**.  
Read the sentence with **me** and circle the **conjunction**.

1- Joe waited for the train, **but** the train was late.

- 2- I looked for Mary and Samantha at the bus station, **but** they left on the bus.
- 3- Mary and Samantha arrived at the bus station before noon, **and** they left on the bus.
- 4- Mary and Samantha left on the bus, **so** I did not see them at the bus station.
- 5- They were there, **yet** I didn't see them.
- 6- I'll get them a present **for** their wedding is on Saturday.
- 7- I'm not going, **for** the rest of them are going.

In this next exercise, there are two simple sentences. *Combine* the two simple sentences with one of the **conjunctions** ( in the box) and write out the entire sentence on the line. (*hint. They are the same sentences as above... have a look if you get stuck.*)

**for and nor but or yet so**

*Example...*

1- Joe waited for the train.

*but*

The train was late.

Joe waited for the train, **but** the train was late.

2- I looked for Mary and Samantha at the bus station. They left on the bus.

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3- Mary and Samantha arrived at the bus station. They left in a taxi.

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4- Mary and Samantha left the bus before I arrived. I did not see them at the bus station.

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5- They were there. I didn't see them.

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6- I'll get them a present. Their wedding is next week.

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7- I'm not going. The rest of them are going.

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For a review. Read the sentences over to yourself. If the sentences make sense, they are correct. *It is ok if some of the conjunctions are used more than once.*

Next week we will review both **simple** and **compound** sentences, plus we will learn two more components often found in a sentence, the **adjective** and **adverb**.