Appendix II. Assessment Templates

II.I Circumferential Limb Volume and Outcome Measurement for Lymphoedema

Date and Time:									
Circumference Metatarsal Phalangeal (MTP) or Metacarpal Phalangeal (MCP		Right	Left	Right	Left	Right	Left	Right	Left
Mid foot (cm from nail bed of middle toe, ankle 0° flexion (DF)) or webspace	dorsi								
ilexion (DI)) of webspace	1			<u> </u>					
	2								
	3								
1 =cm from sole of foot (ankle 0° DF)	4								
or	5								
1 =cm from nail bed of middle finger, wrist in 0°	6			1					
flexion (flex)	7								
	8								
	9								
	10								
		mls	%	mls	%	mls	%	mls	%
	1								
	2								
	3								
Affected Side: Right Left Bilateral	4								
Dominant Side:	5								
Right Left	6								
Heightm	7								
	8								
	9								
	10								
Proximal Volume (mls)									
Proximal Volume Difference		mls	%	mls	%	mls	%	mls	%
Total Volume (mls)									
Total Volume Difference		mls	%	mls	%	mls	%	mls	%
Episodes of cellulitis since last review									
Weight (kg)	вмі								
Health Today Score (VAS 1-10)									
Lymphoedema Life Impact Score (LLIS)									
HbA1c (pre-diabetes 43-47 mmol/mol)									
Date and Time:									

II.II Adult Lymphoedema Assessment and Review Template

Histo	ory of Oedema	Consent	for ass	essment / ECR 🗌		
Locat	tion of lymphoedema:	Date of lyn	nphoede	ma onset:		
mana	de: progression, cellulitis, previous gement of oedema/cellulitis, wating/relieving factors)					
Patier	nt's Perception:					
Famil	ly History of Oedema Yes/No					
Ethnic	Ethnicity:					
Currer	urrent Symptoms (√ = present; x = absent)					
	Functional restriction			Skin changes (tight / shiny)		

Functional restriction	Skin changes (tight / shiny)
Heaviness	Swelling (difficulty with clothing / rings)
Reduced ROM (objective table - see page 3)	Tingling, pins and needles, paraesthesia
Pain (related to lymphoedema) Site:	
Description:	
0 (no pain)	10 (worst pain imaginable)

Cancer-Related Lymphoedema

Cancer diagnosis:						
Date(s) of surgery:						
Regional lymph node clearance ☐ (Level 1/2/3)		Sentinel node biopsy □	Nodes +ve /removed (e.g. 2/20):			
Post-operative		Seroma	Details:			
complications:		Cording				
		Infection				
		Delayed Wound Healing				
Hormonal Therapy (regime, date started)						
Chemotherapy (regime, no. of cycles, date completed)						
Radiotherapy (site, date completed, length of treatment)						

Non-Cancer Related Surgery

Туре	of Surgery	Date	Details
	CABG		
	Orthopaedic		
	Plastic		
	Varicose vein		
	Other		

Past Medical History ($\sqrt{\ }$ = present; add additional conditions)

	Allergies		e.g. penicillin, latex, elastoplast				
	Diabetes						
	Hypertension						
	Sleep apnoea						
	Further Details of PMH:						
	General Precautions (Contraindications)						
	Heart failure	□uncontrolled	□ controlled				
	Deep vein thrombosis	□ acute	☐ chronic				
	Phlebitis/cellulitis	□ acute	☐ history of	No. of episodes in past year: Prophylaxis: Y/N Hospital admissions			
	Renal failure Stage 3+	□ acute	☐ chronic	Stage:			
Neck	MLD Precautions (Contra	uindications)					
	Thyroid	□ hypo	□ hyper				
	Cardiac arrhythmia		,				
	Hypersensitivity of carotid sinus						
Deep	abdominal MLD Precauti	ons (Contraindic	ations)				
	Abdominal aortic aneurysm						
	Abdominal pain (unexplained)						
	Abdominal radiotherapy						
	Abdominal surgery (recent)						
	Diverticulitis / Bowel disease						
	Pregnancy / Menses						
MLLE	B Precautions (Contraindi	cations)					
	Peripheral arterial disease	□ <i>ABPI</i> < 0.5	□ ABPI 0.6-0.8	□ ABPI > 1.3			

Medication (especially for medications linked to oedema)				
Investigations (Tick box and spa	ce for results CT/Lymphoscintigraphy/MRI/ICG/duplex scan)			
Social History		•		
Occupation				
Hobbies	Smoker Yes/No			
Accommodation (including type, a	access, stairs, bathroom/toilet etc)			
Sleeps in: ☐ bed ☐ chair				
Services / Carer Support	•			
Functional limitations				

Functional Assessment Measure

Bed bound
Wheelchair user
Mobile with assistance
Mobile independent with aid
Mobile independent without aid

Height (m)	Weight (kg)	BMI (kg/m2)

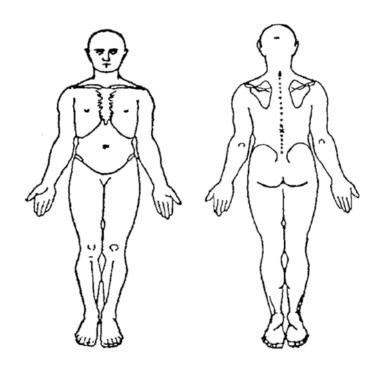
ROM

Upper Limb	ROM	Lower Limb	ROM
Neck		L/Spine	
Shoulder		Hip	
Elbow		Knee	
Wrist/Hand		Ankle/Foot	

Observations ($\sqrt{\ }$ = present; x = absent; include key for body chart as necessary)

Key	√/X		
		Broken skin (site)	
		Cancerous skin changes	
		Cellulitis	
		Discolouration	
		Dry	
		Fatty	
		Fibrotic	
		Fragile/Taut/Shiny	
		Fungal infections	
		Hyperkeratosis	
		Misshapen Limb	
		Lymphangiectasia	(lymph blisters)
		Lymphorrhoea	
		Non-pitting oedema	
		Papillomatosis	
		Pitting oedema	
		Scarring	
		Skin folds	
		Sensation	Intact/altered
		Stemmer's sign	RIGHT: Negative/positive LEFT: Negative/positive
		Temperature	RIGHT: Normal/cold/warm LEFT: Normal/cold/warm
		Genital oedema □Y □N □N/A	

Other:



Vascular Check List ($\sqrt{\text{= present}}$; x = absent)

Arterial	Venous
Atrophic nail changes	Ankle flare (medial malleoli)
Cyanosis	Atrophie blanche (white plaques)
Diabetes	Dilated / varicose veins
Distal ulceration - toes	Haemosiderin staining (purple/red/brown)
Great toe pain	Lipodermatosclerosis (inverted bottle)
65 years and older	Non-tender permanent redness
Neuropathy	Soft pitting oedema
Pain on exercise/cramps (intermittent claudication)	Ulceration or history of ulceration
Red/blue discoloration when limb dependent	Varicose eczema
Resting pain (on elevation) / night pain	Other:
Slow capillary refill (i.e. takes more than 3 seconds)	
Whiteness on elevation	

Doppler required	☐ Yes [□No	Date of Doppler
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Doppler	Right	Р	М	В	Т	Left	Р	М	В	Т
Dorsalis Pedis or Toe										
Posterior Tibial										
Brachial Systolic										
T/ABPI (toe or highest ankle systolic / brachial)										

(P=Palpable pulse, M=Monophasic, B=Biphasic, T=Triphasic)

Risk Assessment	Low	Medium	High	
Mobility	Independently Mobile	Reduced Mobility (requires aid or assistance)	Immobile (assist of 2 or hoist)	
BMI (kg/m2)	< 30	30-40	> 40	
Patient Comprehension	Full Comprehension	Reduced Comprehension	Unable to comprehend	
Vascular Status	ABPI 0.8-1.3 or ABPI not indicated from vascular checklist	ABPI 0.5-0.8 or pulses present and unable to obtain ABPI result	ABPI < 0.5 or inaudible pulses	
Skin Integrity	Fully intact and good condition	Fragile and/or irritated skin	Ulceration/broken skin	
Social Isolation	Independent or good support system	Has carers/family attending regularly	Socially isolated	

Refer to the following risk assessments to manage any identified risks: domiciliary treatment, compression bandaging, open wounds, latex, vascular, handling heavy limbs, bandaging, mobilising with compression and local trust risk assessments.

Primary		Syndromes		Syndromes
		Intestinal lymphangiectasia		Milroy's (Noone-Milroy) Disease
Ons	set	Klinefelters syndrome		Noonan syndrome
	Congenital	Klippel-Trenauney		Trisomy 21
	Praecox	Lymphoedema distichiasis		Turner's syndrome
	Tarda	Meige syndrome		Other:

Diagnosis (If there is more than 1 cause, rank in order (1 = most significant cause)

Secondary	Artificial Lymphoedema	Low albumin
		Self-harm
	Immobility and dependency	Dependency
		Obesity
		Paralysis
		Sleep apnoea
	Infection	Cellulitis/erysipelas
		Filariasis
		Lymphadenitis
		Tuberculosis
	Inflammation	Dermatitis/eczema
		Podoconiosis
		Pretibial myxoedema
		Psoriatic arthritis
		Rheumatoid arthritis
		Sarcoidosis and orofacial granulomatosis
	Malignant Disease	Infiltrative carcinoma
		Lymph node metastases
		Lymphoma
		Pressure from large tumours
	Trauma and tissue damage	Large/circumferential wounds
		Radiotherapy
		Scarring
		Varicose vein harvesting/surgery
		Burns
		Lymph node excision
	Venous disease	Chronic venous insufficiency
		Intravenous drug use
		Post-thrombotic syndrome
		Venous ulceration
	Medication Induced/related	
	Other	

ISL Lymphoedema Staging	0 - Latent/subclinical lymphoedema where impaired lymph transport and subtle changes are present, but swelling is not evident	II - Limb elevation alone rarely reduces swelling; pitting is manifest but may not be apparent later in Stage II due to the development of subcutaneous fat and fibrosis
	I - Accumulation of protein rich fluid that subsides with limb elevation and may cause pitting	III - Lymphostatic elephantiasis – pitting absent due to progressive development of fat and fibrosis, trophic skin changes and warty overgrowths develop
Lipoedema Staging	1 – Smooth skin, small nodules	3 - Induration and lobular fat deposits
	2 – Irregular texture larger nodules	4 – Obesity Related Lipoedema (lipolymphoedema)

Classification ($\sqrt{\text{Relevant Category}}$

Car	Cancer related lymphoedema		Non cancer related lymphoedema			
	CB Breast			NCO	Obesity	
	CG	gynaecology		NCP	Primary	
	CHN	head and neck		NCV	Venous	
	CMel	melanoma		CELL	Cellulitis	
	СОТН	Cancer (other)		NCDEP	Non cancer dependency/ immobility	
	CU	Urology		NCLIP	Lipoedema	

ICD 10 Codes

Code 189-0	Lymphoedema, not elsewhere specified	
Code LO3	Acute lymphangitis	
Code Q82.0	Hereditary lymphoedema	
Code B74.9	Filariasis, unspecified	
Code 197.2	Postmastectomy lymphoedema syndrome	

Problem List and Goals of Treatment - discussed and agreed with patient Y/N

Problem List	Goals of Treatment	Goals of Treatment
Poor knowledge of lymphoedema	Increase knowledge of lymphoedema	Tissue softening
Increased limb volume	Reduce limb volume	Pain reduction
Altered limb shape	Restore normal limb shape	Improve AROM UL/LL
Tissue fibrosis	Improve skin integrity	Improve strength UL/LL
Poor skin condition	Patient able to carry out skincare regime	Able to carry out SLD
Reduced activity/ exercise	Independent with exercise programme	Able to carry out MLLB
Pain	Patient able to don/doff garments	
Decreased range of movement UL/LL	Maintain stable lymphoedema	
Decreased strength UL/LL		

Treatment Plan: Specify review period ______, 3 months, 6 months, 1 year

Verbal Education	erbal Education Garment Provision		
Written education provided:	Manual lymphatic drainage Frequency: Duration:	Arm MLLB leaflet	
Exercise		Leg MLLB leaflet	
Non-cancer advice	Multi-layer lymphoedema	Physiotouch	
Arm oncology	bandaging Frequency: Duration:	Intermittent pneumatic compression	
Leg oncology	Bandaging cautions leaflet	Deep oscillation	
Skin and nail care	Teach simple lymphatic drainage	Kinesio taping	
Four key messages	Arm SLD leaflet		
Compression garment	Leg SLD leaflet		
	Head and neck SLD leaflet		

Reason for Modification (complete this section after intensive treatment period – most relevant reason)

Clinical decision	
Comorbidities	
Lack of resources	
Patient choice	

Onward Referral ($\sqrt{\ }$ relevant category/categories)

Activity resources	GP	Physiotherapy (elsewhere)	Surgery
Complex treatment clinic	Obesity clinic	Plastic surgery	Treatment room nurse
Dermatology	Occupational therapy	Podiatry	Vascular
Dietetics	Oncology	Psychology	Wound care / tissue viability
District nurse	Palliative care	Sleep clinic	
Genetics	Practice nurse	Social work	

Compression Garment Information		

Review Template for Adults living with Lymphoedema

Changes to History of Presenting Complaint & medical history:			al	Consent to assessment/treatment □			
Cellulitis episodes since last appointment?: Yes Details/medication:					No		
Obs	ervations of oedematous limb/a	rea (colou	r, temp,	, textu	ıre):		
	Big toe pain		Neuro	pathy	1		
	Leg pain/cramps on walking		Diabe	tes			
	Cyanosis		Slow	caplia	ry refill (> 3 sec)		
	Atropic nail changes		White	ness (on elevation		
	Distal ulceration (toes)	Pain on e			vation / night pain		
	Discolouration when limb dependent						
	ght (kg) eased/static/decreased	Height (m)			BMI (kg/m2)		
QoL	Outcome measures - EQ5D or	LLS or VA	S				
Circ	umferential measurement (see n	neasureme	ent chai	rt)			
Pain (site) 0 (no pain) imaginable)			10 (worst pain				
Review of current maintenance programme			•	Man	agement plan		
Skin care:				New garments ordered/provided:			
Exercise:							
SLD:			Treatment/advice provided:				
Self MLLB:		-					
Garment(s):							
Worn? Every day ☐ Most days ☐ Occasionally ☐							
Never □							
Comfortable?		Ongoing 6 monthly review:					
Swelling controlled?							
Other		Othe	er:				