



**Oifig an Stiúrthóir Cúnta Náisiúnta,**  
Foireann Míchumais Náisiúnta,  
An Chéad Urlár - Oifigí 13, 14, 15,  
Áras Phlásóg na Rós, Coimpléasc Gnó na hOllscoile,  
Páirc Náisiúnta Teicneolaíochta,  
Caladh an Treoigh,  
Luimneach.

**Office of the Assistant National Director,**  
National Disability Team,  
First Floor- Offices 13, 14, 15,  
Roselawn House, University Business Complex,  
National Technology Park,  
Castletroy,  
Limerick.

19<sup>th</sup> March 2025

Deputy James Geoghegan,  
Dail Eireann,  
Leinster House,  
Kildare Street,  
Dublin 2.  
E-mail: [james.geoghegan@oireachtas.ie](mailto:james.geoghegan@oireachtas.ie)

Dear Deputy Geoghegan,

The Health Service Executive has been requested to reply directly to you in the context of the following parliamentary question, which was submitted to this department for response.

**PQ: 12299/25**

*To ask the Minister for Children; Equality; Disability; Integration and Youth further to Parliamentary Question No. 187 of 19 February 2025, given by way of correspondence from the HSE, the total legal costs incurred by the HSE in relation to a matter (details supplied); and if she will make a statement on the matter.*

Details supplied: The 355 legal actions taken against the HSE due to a child not receiving an assessment of need within the statutory timeframe since 2020.

**HSE Response**

Disability Act is to identify whether a person has a disability, the nature and extent of the disability, any health and education needs arising from that disability, as well as what services are required to meet those needs.

The Disability Act outlines the statutory timelines under which Assessments of Need under the Act must be completed. In summary, the assessment report must be completed within 6 months of the date the application was received. While the HSE endeavours to meet its legislative obligations under the Act, it has struggled to achieve compliance with these timeframes. In 2024, 10.4% of assessments were completed within the timeframes set out in the Disability Act 2005 and accompanying Regulations.

**Section 14 of the Disability Act**

Section 14 of the Disability Act outlines a number of grounds for complaint in relation to Part 2 of the Act. An applicant may make a complaint in relation to one of more of the following:



- a) a determination by the assessment officer concerned that he or she does not have a disability;
- b) the fact, if it be the case, that the assessment under section 9 was not commenced within the time specified in section 9(5) or was not completed without undue delay;
- c) the fact, if it be the case, that the assessment under section 9 was not conducted in a manner that conforms to the standards determined by a body referred to in section 10; PT. 2 S. 12 [No. 14.] Disability Act 2005 [2005.]
- d) the contents of the service statement provided to the applicant;
- e) the fact, if it be the case, that the Executive or the education service provider, as the case may be, failed to provide or to fully provide a service specified in the service statement.

### **Assessment of Need not completed within the statutory timeframes**

The process where Applicants can seek a remedy for an Assessment of Need that has not been completed within the statutory timeframes is as follows:

1. The Applicant/Applicant parents can make a complaint to the HSE under s14(1)(b) of the Disability Act 2005 and those complaints are dealt with by a Disability Complaints Officer.
2. A Disability Complaints Officer will investigate the complaint.
3. If it is found that the Assessment of Need was not commenced or completed with the statutory timeframes (3 months to commence, 3 months to complete) the Disability Complaints Officer will issue a report with a finding that the HSE have failed to commence/complete the Assessment of Need within the specified period and will recommend that it be commenced/ completed by a certain date.

(It is important to note that if the timelines have not been adhered to by the HSE, the HSE will not oppose the complaint and will confirm any delays and the reasons for same to the Disability Complaints Officer).

4. If the Applicant is unhappy with a decision of the Disability Complaints Officer, they can appeal the decision to the Disability Appeals Officer under s18 of the Disability Act.
5. If the HSE do not action the recommendations of the Disability Complaints Officer or the Disability Appeals Officer within 3 months, proceedings can be brought before Dublin Circuit Court under s22 of the Disability Act 2005 to enforce the recommendation by way of Court Order.

Please note that where timeframes have not been adhered to, the HSE do not contest such applications in the Circuit Court and consent to orders to complete the Assessment of Need.

With regard to the question asked, the State Claims Agency manages claims for costs arising from assessment of needs cases, paying the amounts agreed and seeking reimbursement from the HSE.

The table below shows the amounts paid by the State Claims Agency's Legal Cost Unit on cases related to assessment of needs between 12/04/2021 and 28/02/2025.

**Table 1: Transactional amount paid on assessment of needs cases: 12/04/2021 – 28/02/2025.**

<b>Year =</b>	<b>2021 (From 12th April)*</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025 (To end of February)</b>	<b>Total</b>
Assessment of Needs =	€390,210	€1,325,819	€2,186,805	€3,378,404	€636,826	€7,918,063

\*Please note that the assessment of needs category was only added on NIMS (The National Incident Management System) from April 2021, enabling extraction of assessment of needs data from the system.



As a result, the SCA is only able to provide data from NIMS from 12/04/2021 onwards.

Yours Sincerely,

**Bernard O'Regan**  
**Assistant National Director,**  
**Access and Integration,**  
**National Disability Team**

