DOPS for upper GI bleeding

Date of Procedure							
Trainee Name				IMC Reg	gistration No.		
Trainer Name				IMC Re	gistration No.		
Outline of case							
Difficulty of case Please tick (🗸)	Easy Mod	derate Comp	licated [
Level of supervision Complete DOPS form by ticking box to indicate the appropriate level of supervision required for each criteria	Maximal supervision Supervisor undertakes the majority of the tasks/decisions & delivers constant verbal prompts	Significant supervision Trainee undertakes tasks requiring frequent supervisor input and verbal prompts	Minima supervi Trainee ur tasks requ occasiona superviso and verba	ision ndertakes uiring al r input	Competent independen practice No supervision required		Not applicable
PRE-PROCEDURE							
Prioritisation							
Setting & resources							
Safe airway							
Iv access							
Consent							
Monitoring							
Sedation							
Comments							

Level of supervision	Maximal supervision	Significant supervision	Minimal supervision	Competent for independent practice	Not applicable
	INTUBA	TION AND ASSE	SSMENT OF LES	SION	
Intubation					
Visualisation of lesion • Suction • Flush • Clot removal					
Characterisation of lesion					
Comments					
	MANA	AGEMENT OF BL	EEDING LESION	IS	
Treatment decision re: therapy					
Adrenaline injection: • Needle handling • Dose/volume					
Clips: • Check functioning • Deployment					
Banding: • Kit set up • Deployment					
Thermal therapy: • Setting • Use					
Other endotherapy					
Maximal haemostasis achieved					
	POS	ST ENDOSCOPY	MANAGEMENT		
Documentation of case					
Post endoscopy management					
Comments					

Level of supervision	Maximal supervision	Significant supervision	Minimal supervision	Competent for independent practice	Not applicable
ENTS (ENDOSCOPIC NON-TECHNICAL SKILLS)					
Communication and teamwork					
Situation awareness					
Leadership					
Judgement and decision making					
Comments					
The objectives sh			FOR THE NEXT (is completed
1.					
2.					
3.	3.				
Overall Degree of Supervision required Complete DOPS form by ticking box to indicate the appropriate level of supervision required for each item below. Constructive feedback is key to this tool assisting in skill development.	Maximal supervision Supervisor undertakes the majority of the tasks/decisions & delivers constant verbal prompts	Significant supervision Trainee undertakes tasks requiring frequent supervisor input and verbal prompts	Minimal supervision Trainee undertakes tasks requiring occasional supervisor input and verbal prompts	Competent for independent practice No supervision required	Not applicable
Please tick (🗸) appropriate box					

DOPS form descriptors

	PRE PROCEDURE			
Prioritisation	 Procedure prioritized and undertaken at appropriate time of day (in/out of hours) Patient stability & safety of the procedure has been assessed 			
Setting & preparation	 Appropriate for case: Theatres/Endoscopy Unit/ITU Appropriately trained staff present Appropriate pre-procedure checks are performed as per local policies Appropriate endotherapy equipment available All assisting staff are fully appraised of the current case All medications and accessories likely to be required for this case are available 			
Safe airway	Intubated if appropriateSuction & positioning			
Iv access	2 x large bore IV cannula			
Informed consent	 Purpose of endoscopy/alternatives Risks specific to bleeding e.g. aspiration and failure to cessate Discussion with colleagues & relatives if patient lacks capacity 			
Monitoring	Oxygen saturations, pulse, BP and cardiac monitor			
Sedation	Appropriate dose			
INTUBATION AND ASSESSMENT OF LESION				
Intubation	Maintains luminal view			
Visualisation of lesion	Inspects all areas thoroughly			
- Suction	 Correct channel positioning Enables good views Decreases aspiration risk 			
- Flush	Adequate flush usedScope handling			
- Clot removal	Appropriate method used Injection 1st if appropriate			
Characterisation of lesion	 Correct description of lesion Identifies stigmata of recent haemorrhage Identifies stigmata associated with re bleeding risk Correct description of location (+ photo) 			
	MANAGEMENT OF BLEEDING LESIONS			
Treatment decision re: therapy	Chooses appropriate therapy For lesion & setting For level of experience			

DOPS form descriptors

	MANAGEMENT OF BLEEDING LESIONS				
Treatment decision re: therapy	Chooses appropriate therapy For lesion & setting For level of experience				
ADRENALINE INJECTION: Needle handling - Dose/Volume	 Clear instructions to assistant Appropriate area/depth injected Appropriate dose injected Correct concentration of adrenaline used 				
CLIPS: Check functioning Deployment	 Knowledge of clips used Clip function checked, clear instructions Correct targeted placement Correct & timely deployment Appropriate number of clips used 				
BANDING: Kit set up Deployment	 Correct scope/kit set up Safe re intubation Appropriate selection of 1st varix Distal suction positioning Red out obtained Band deployed accurately/smoothly Repeat banding as appropriate 				
THERMAL THERAPY: Setting Use	Heater Probe, APC • Knowledge of local equipment available • Safety considered/grounding pad attached • Correct probe selected • Appropriate settings selected • Clear instructions to assistant • Correct targeted placement				
OTHER ENDOTHERAPY:	List details in comments box • Variceal Glue Injection • Haemospray • Sclerotherapy				
MAXIMAL HAEMOSTASIS ACHEIVED	Haemostasis achieved if possible Combination haemostasis used				
	MANAGEMENT OF BLEEDING LESIONS				
DOCUMENTATI ON OF CASE	 Indications and pre procedure risk scoring Accurate description of lesions identified Location documented with photographs Description of re bleeding stigmata Description of endotherapy used Problems encountered Post endoscopy management plan (below) 				
POST ENDOSCOPY MANAGEMENT PLAN	 Re bleeding risk Specific treatments to be initiated Plan for refractory bleeding Repeat OGD instructions Verbal handover to nursing & medical staff Re assesses patient stability before movement for ongoing care. 				

DOPS form descriptors

	ENTS (ENDOSCOPIC NON-TECHNICAL SKILLS)
Communication and teamwork	 Maintains clear communication with assisting staff Gives and receives knowledge and information in a clear and timely fashion Ensures that both the team and the endoscopist are working together, using the same core information and understand the 'big picture' of the case Ensures that the patient is at the centre of the procedure, emphasising safety and comfort Clear communication of results and management plan with patient and/or carers
Situation awareness	 Ensure procedure is carried out with full respect for privacy and dignity Maintains continuous evaluation of the patient's condition Ensures lack of distractions and maintains concentration, particularly during difficult situations Intra-procedural changes to scope set-up monitored and rechecked
Leadership	 Provides emotional and cognitive support to team members by tailoring leadership and teaching style appropriately Supports safety and quality by adhering to current protocols and codes of clinical practice Adopts a calm and controlled demeanour when under pressure, utilising all resources to maintain control of the situation and taking responsibility for patient outcome
Judgement and decision making	 Considers options and possible courses of action to solve an issue or problem, including assessment of risk and benefit Communicates decisions and actions to team members prior to implementation Reviews outcomes of procedure or options for dealing with problems Reflects on issues and institutes changes to improve practice