

Hospital Name	AMNCH (Fallaght Hospital)	Reporting Month	Feb-17
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- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
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- · We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

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- 2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
- 3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
- 4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
- 5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
- 6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.



Hospital Name:		AMNCH (Tallaght Hospital)	Reporting	Month	Feb-17
Activity	加	Mens	Reporting Previously	Table 2	The Mark
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph aureus bloodstream Infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 heri days	0.0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C, difficite infection.	Monthly CPASE	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	1.6
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	87.6%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip tracture rangery carried out within 48 hours	Morthly A42	95%	100%
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	96%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of redistration	Monthly A30	100%	53%
Outpatient Walting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	74.5%
Colonescopy/ Costroletesthal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly ABG	Q.	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	10.7
	10	The rate per 1000-bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Missignment System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0

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The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for Tallaght Hospital provides up to date information for management and clinicial	ns who	provide services In
relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of February, 2017. The information in this Report is a core element of	dinical	governance and the
management of hospital services within the above hospital and the Dublin Midlands Hospital Group.		11
management of hospital services within the above hospital and the Dublin Midlands Hospital Group.  Hospital Manager / CEO DAR AGH CAHEY Signature:  Group CEO: Signature:	Date:	3/5/17
Group CEO: Signature:	Date:	///



Hospital Name	St Luke's Radiation Oncology Network	Reporting Month	February 2017
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- 4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
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- 6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.



Hospital Name:		St. Luke's Radiation Oncology Network	Reporting	Month	February 2017
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0.0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	0.0
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	Not Due
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip tracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	N/A
The Surge (2)	5	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	N/A
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	N/A
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	N/A
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	18.269
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System	Monthly	Not applicable	0.0
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.0

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (space for contact report) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services
in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical
governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (insert Hospital Group).

Hospital Manager / CEO: Orla McArdle
Group CEO: Martin feeley

Signature:

Signature:

Date: 26<sup>th</sup> April 2017
Date: 28-4-2017



Hospital Name	Naas General Hospital	Reporting Month	February 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
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- 3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
- 4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
- 5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
- 6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.



Hospital Name:		Naas General Hospital	Reporting	Month	February 2017
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	0
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	96.2%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carned out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	93.5%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	49%
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A2.3	85%	77.6%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	29.1
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for Naas General Hospital provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of February and year 2017. The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the Dublin Midlands Hospital Group.

Hospital Manager / CEO: Alice Kinsella

Group CEO: Dr Susan O'Reilly

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Date: 284 17



Hospital Name	Midland Regional Hospital Tullamore	Reporting Month	February 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
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- 3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
- 4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
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Hospital Name:		MIDLAND REGIONAL LIOSPITAL TULVAMORES	Reporting	CE BUNK	
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Health Care Associated	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph, aureus bloodstream infection	Morthly CPASI	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0.0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile Infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	2.2
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hysiene	Bi-ennual CPA6	90%	87.1%
iurgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	190%
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting lass than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	96.0%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	65.0%
Outpatient Walting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpetient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	72.0%
Colonoscopy/ Gestrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical lucidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	20.69
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not explicable	0.0
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents described as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	<b>0.0</b>

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for Tullamore provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of February and year 2017. The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the Dublin Midlands Hospital Group.

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Hospital Manager / CEO NOVEN HYNES Signature: Signature:

Group CEO: Martin Febreu



Hospital Name	Midland Regional Hospital Portlaoise	Reporting Month	February 2017

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Hospital Name:		Midlands Regional Haspital Portlance	Reporting	Month	February
Health Care Associated	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph, aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPAS1	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C difficile infection	Montnly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	28
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	93.8
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	n/a
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	93.5
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	549
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first, outpatient appointment		85%	90.6
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System	Monthly	Not applicable	8.6
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System	Monthly	Not applicable	0
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0

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governance and the management of lospital services within the above the spital and the (Insert Hospital Group).		2-1-1-4
Hospital Manager ACEO Signature:		26/4/17
governance and the management of Ospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group).  Hospital Manager ACEO Signature:  Signature:	Date:	ucci



Hospital Name	St James's Hospital	Reporting Month	February 2017

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Hospital Name:		St. James's Hospital		Reporting Month	
Activity	Hel	Metik	Reporting Frequency	Target	The Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph, aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	157
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	2.62
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	89%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A49	95%	80%
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	94.8%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	45:5%
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	28 88
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System	Monthly	Not applicable	To follow
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	To-follow
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	To follow

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and the management of hospital services within	the above hospital and	the DMHG,		
Hospital Manager / CEO Ann Dalton (Deputy)	Signature:	AL. A	Date:	28.04.17
and the management of hospital services within Hospital Manager / CEO Ann Dalton (Deputy) Group CEO:	Signature:	Mr may	Date:	