Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

Hospital Name	ST. VINCENTS UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL	Reporting Month	JUNE 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

Notes:

1. It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective.
2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		ST. VINCENTS UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric *1-8 Ref: HSE Business Intelligence Unit. **9-11 Ref: Incidents occurring in the reported month to NIMS	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0.7
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	3.3
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	92.9%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	100% (May)
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	98.1%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	72.1%
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	84.9%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	10.12
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for St Vincent's University Hospital provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of June and year 2017. The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the Ireland East Hospital Group.

Hospital Manager / CEO _____ Signature: _____ Date: 5/8/17

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: _____ Date: 31.08.2017

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

Hospital Name	ST. MICHAELS DUN LAOGHAIRE	Reporting Month	JUNE 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

Notes:

1. It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective.
2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		ST. MICHAELS DUN LAOGHAIRE	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	0
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	89.5%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	N/A
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	N/A
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	93.6%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	8.24
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Insert Hospital Name) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group).

Hospital Manager / CEO _____ Signature: _____ Date: 28-08-2017

Group CEO: _____ Signature: _____ Mary Day Date: 31.08.2017

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		OUR LADYS HOSPITAL NAVAN	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	0
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	89%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	N/A
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	N/A
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	88.1%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	7.64
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.40
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Insert Hospital Name) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group).

Hospital Manager / ~~CEO~~ KEN FITZGIBBON Signature: _____ Date: 25/6/2017

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: _____ Date: 07/09/17

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

Hospital Name	ST. COLUMCILLE HOSPITAL	Reporting Month	JUNE 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

Notes:

1. It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective.
2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		ST. COLUMCILLE HOSPITAL	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	0
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	97%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	N/A
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	N/A
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	66.4%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	2.71
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (St. Columcille's Hospital) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (June) and year (2017). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (IEHG).

Hospital Manager / CEO O'Leary Signature: Date: 7/9/17

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: Date: 07/09/17

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		ST. LUKES KILKENNY	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	0
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	92.4%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	99.97%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	94.9%
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	97.9%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	10.91
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.16
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Insert Hospital Name) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group).

Hospital Manager / ~~CEO~~ Signature: Date: 29/06/2017

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: Date: 07/09/17

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

Hospital Name	WEXFORD GENERAL HOSPITAL	Reporting Month	JUNE 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

Notes:

1. It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective.
2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		WEXFORD GENERAL HOSPITAL	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	1
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	86%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	99.1%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	82.2%
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	99.3%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	22.76
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Insert Hospital Name) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group).

Hospital Manager / CEO R Byrne Signature: R Byrne Date: 29/8/2017

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: Mary Day Date: 7/9/17

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

Hospital Name	MATER MISERICORDIAE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL	Reporting Month	JUNE 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

Notes:

1. It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective.
2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		MATER MISERICORDIAE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	1.61
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	3.22
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	94%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	100%
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	92.0%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	52%
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	81.0%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	2
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	4.42
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Mater Misericordiae University Hospital) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (June) and year (2017). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (IEHG).

Hospital Manager / CEO _____ Signature: _____ Date: 25/8/17

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: _____ Date: 7/9/17

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

Hospital Name:	MRH – Mullingar	Report Month:	JUNE 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

Notes:

1. It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective.
2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		MRH – Mullingar	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	1.9
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	1.9
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	88.1%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	99.2%
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	75.7%
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	84.9%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	0
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	18.77
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.76
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Insert Hospital Name) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group).

Hospital Manager / CEO SIOBHA SCHWEGANN. Signature: _____ Date: 30/8/17.

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: _____ Date: 31.08.2017

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report

Hospital Name	ROYAL VICTORIA EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL	Reporting Month	JUNE 2017

- This report details the hospital's performance against some national and international measures of patient safety in acute hospitals.
- The metrics cover activities and performance areas including infection rates, staff hand hygiene, waiting times and clinical incidents.
- This report supports each hospital and hospital group to ensure a culture of quality and patient safety.
- We publish this report each month to assure our patients and staff that we prioritise patient safety and open disclosure.

Notes:

1. It is not intended that this report be used to compare performance of hospitals or hospital groups. Different hospitals specialise in treating patients with different and sometimes much more complex care needs, making comparisons between hospitals ineffective.
2. Metrics 1-3 measure infection control and staff hand hygiene practices in acute hospitals. These metrics are applied internationally as key indicators of infection control compliance. The targets for metrics 1 and 2 are international best practice targets. The target for metric 3 is an agreed target in the HSE's National Service Plan.
3. Metrics 4-8 measure access to and waiting times for services including emergency care, trauma care (for hip fractures), urgent endoscopy procedures and access to outpatient services. These metrics are based on national indicators and nationally agreed targets as set out in the HSE's National Service Plan
4. Metric 9 and 10 measure clinical incidents reported to the National Incident Management System. A clinical incident is an event or circumstance which could have, or did lead to unintended and/ or unnecessary harm. Incidents include adverse events which result in harm; near misses which could have resulted in harm, but did not cause harm, either by chance or timely intervention. These metrics are indicators of patient safety in hospitals that are applied internationally.
5. Metric 11 is an indicator of medication safety in acute hospitals. This refers to any preventable event that may cause or lead to inappropriate use or patient harm while the medication is in the control of the healthcare professional or patient (WHO, 2009). The number of errors reported to the National Incident Management System is based on an internationally accepted metric applied in other countries.
6. The data reported includes maternity data where appropriate.

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhise Sláinte
Health Service Executive

Hospital Name:		ROYAL VICTORIA EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL	Reporting Month		JUNE 2017
Activity	Ref	Metric	Reporting Frequency	Target	This Month
Health Care Associated Infections	1	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired Staph. aureus bloodstream infection	Monthly CPA51	Less than 1 per 10,000 bed days	0
	2	The rate per 10,000 bed days used of new cases of Hospital acquired C. difficile infection	Monthly CPA52	Less than 2 per 10,000 bed days	0
	3	The percentage of hospital staff compliance with the World Health Organisation's five moments of hand hygiene	Bi-annual CPA6	90%	88.3%
Surgery	4	The percentage of emergency hip fracture surgery carried out within 48 hours	Monthly A42	95%	N/A
Emergency Care and Patient Experience Time	5	The percentage of patients who were waiting less than 24 hours in the Emergency Department	Monthly A29	100%	N/A
	6	The percentage of patients aged 75 years or over who were admitted or discharged from the Emergency Department within 9 hours of registration	Monthly A30	100%	N/A
Outpatient Waiting Times	7	The percentage of patients waiting less than 52 weeks for their first outpatient appointment	Monthly A23	85%	58%
Colonoscopy/ Gastrointestinal Service	8	Number of people waiting greater than 4 weeks for an urgent colonoscopy	Monthly A80	0	N/A
Incidents and Events	9	The rate per 386 bed days used of clinical incidents reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	34
	10	The rate per 1000 bed days used of clinical incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00
	11	The rate per 1000 bed days used of medication incidents classified as major or extreme reported in the month to the National Incident Management System.	Monthly	Not applicable	0.00

The Hospital Patient Safety Indicator Report for (Insert Hospital Name) provides up to date information for management and clinicians who provide services in relation to a range of patient safety issues for the month of (Insert Month) and year (Insert Year). The information in this Report is a core element of clinical governance and the management of hospital services within the above hospital and the (Insert Hospital Group).

Hospital Manager / CEO: Danny Dunne Signature: _____ Date: 7/9/17

Group CEO: Mary Day Signature: _____ Date: 07/09/17