

Modified INEWS Escalation and Response Protocol (to be completed by Consultant or Registrar only)
 Not for use within first 24 hours of admission

Date Year:	Time (use 24hr clock)	Rationale and Instructions/Interventions	Next medical review	Doctor (Signature and MCRN)
Start 20/05	0400	Imp: Chronic COPD, admitted > 24 hours ago. Stable with RR 22, SpO ₂ 92%, O ₂ 2L/min (INEWS score 7). Escalate if change in RR or increased O ₂ requirement to maintain SpO ₂ treatment target of 92%*	Maximum 6 hours (10am) or at ward round or sooner if concern	Dr. A Medical Registrar MCRN 1234567
End 20/05	1000	Escalate if change in RR or increased O ₂ requirement to maintain SpO ₂ treatment target of 92%*	24 hours or sooner if concern	Dr. A Medical Registrar MCRN 1234567
Start 20/05	1000	Reviewed – continue as above.		
End 21/05	1000			
Start /				
End /				
Start /				
End /				
Start /				
End /				

*Text within sections above is provided as example only - please write over the watermark

Deferred Escalation (to be completed by Registered General Nurse (RGN))

Date/Time (use 24hr clock)	Rationale and Interventions	Review at 30 minutes	Nurse (Signature and NMBI PIN)
25 / 05 / 20 @ 0400	Imp: Decrease in SpO ₂ to 94%, on 2L/min O ₂ via n/prongs, patient lying flat, patient states they feel okay. Intervention: patient repositioned and n/prongs adjusted. Repeat observation and review decision at 30 minutes. NIC-informed.*	0430 hours: SpO ₂ back up to 96% on 2L/min O ₂ . No need for escalation.	Nurse Brown (PIN 12345)
/ / @			
/ / @			
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CUES FOR CAUTION

- ! Increasing O₂ requirements to maintain SpO₂ levels
- ! Patient located outside of specialist ward
- ! Patient receiving high-risk / unfamiliar therapies
- ! Communication concerns between staff and/or patient
- ! Nurse intuition / 'gut-feeling'

***THINK SEPSIS**
(Use clinical judgement)

INEWS ≥4 (or ≥5 on Oxygen) and suspicion of infection

Older people or those immunocompromised may present with sepsis with an INEWS <4 (<5 if on Oxygen)

Place hospital logo here

Patient Name: _____

Date of Birth: _____

Healthcare Record No: _____

Irish National Early Warning System (INEWS)
ADULT PATIENT OBSERVATION CHART

INEWS should be used as an aid to clinical judgement and decision making

INEWS Escalation & Response Protocol

INEWS Score	Minimum Observation Frequency	Escalation	Response
Bedside Response Healthcare worker / patient / family concern 0 - 1 2	As indicated by patient condition	Nurse at the bedside / Nurse in Charge (NiC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NiC to review if concern and escalate as appropriate
	6 hourly (first 24 hours following admission) then 12 hourly minimum	NiC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NiC to review if new score 1
	6 hourly	NiC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NiC to review
For INEWS scores of 0 – 2 an Urgent Response (SHO or ANP Service) can be called if there is clinical concern			
Urgent Response 3 4 - 6 THINK SEPSIS*	4 hourly	NiC and Team / On-call SHO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SHO or ANP service to review within 1 hour
	1 hourly	NiC and Team / On-call SHO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SHO or ANP service to review within ½ hour Screen for Sepsis* If no response to treatment within 1 hour, contact Registrar and/or ANP service Consider continuous patient monitoring Consider transfer to higher level of care
Emergency Response ≥7 Score of 3 in any single parameter or Score of 2 for HR ≤40	½ hourly	NiC and Team / On-call Registrar Inform Team / On-call Consultant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registrar / Consultant / ANP service to review immediately Continuous patient monitoring recommended Plan to transfer to higher level of care Activate Emergency Response System (as appropriate to hospital model)
	½ hourly or as indicated by patient condition	NiC and Team / On-call SHO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SHO or ANP service to review immediately If no response to treatment or if still concerned, contact Registrar/Consultant Consider activating Emergency Response System

If response does not occur as per protocol the CNM/NiC should contact the Registrar or Consultant



SCORE	3	2	1	0	1	2	3
Respiratory Rate (bpm)	≤ 8	9 - 11	12 - 20	21 - 24	21 - 24	21 - 24	≥ 25
SpO ₂ (%)	≤ 91	92 - 93	94 - 95	≥ 96			Any O ₂
Inspired O ₂ (F O ₂)	≤ 40	41 - 50	51 - 90	91 - 110	111 - 130		≥ 131
Heart Rate (BPM)	≤ 90	91 - 100	101 - 110	111 - 249	≥ 250		New Confusion (C)
Systolic BP (mmHg)	≤ 90	91 - 100	101 - 110	111 - 249	≥ 250		Voice (V), Pain (P), Unresponsive (U)
ACVP/ CNS Response	≤ 35.0	35.1 - 36.0	36.1 - 38.0	38.1 - 39.0	≥ 39.1		
Temp (C)	≤ 35.0	35.1 - 36.0	36.1 - 38.0	38.1 - 39.0	≥ 39.1		

Patient Name:
Date of Birth:
Healthcare Record No:
Addressograph

Year	Ward:	Healthcare worker (HCW)/Patient(P)/Family(F) concern	Date	Time							RA	% of L/min /Respir Rate
				3	2	1	0	1	2	3		
AB (Airway & Breathing)			Respiratory Rate (breaths per minute) Assess for 60 seconds		3 ≥ 25	2 21-24	1 12-20	0 9-11	1 94-95	2 92-93	3 ≤ 91	4 ≥ 25
C (Circulation)			Peripheral Oxygen Saturation (SpO ₂ %)		1 ≥ 96	2 94-95	3 92-93	0 91-90	1 111-249	2 ≥ 250	3 Alert (A)	4 New Confusion (C) Voice (V), Pain (P), Unresponsive (U)
D (Disability)			Room Air or Supplementary O ₂		0 Room Air	3 % rL/min	Device/Mode		ACVPU Score			
E (Exposure)			Heart Rate (beats per minute) Check pulse manually to ascertain rate, rhythm, quality		1 Heart Rate ≥ 40: Immediate medical review	2 30	Heart Rate Score		Systolic BP Score			
F (Fluids)			Blood Pressure (mmHg) Score applies to Systolic BP		A 20% drop in Systolic Blood Pressure (SBP) for normal hypotensive patients requires a medical review				Temp. Score			
G (Glasgow)			ACVPU Alert (A) New Confusion/altered mental status/delirium (C) Voice (V), Pain (P), Unresponsive (U)		0 Alert (A)	3 C V P U	ACVPU Score		INEWS Score			
H (Hypoxia)			Temperature (°C)		2 39.0				Reassess within (Mins./Hrs.) Blood Glucose Pain Score Bowel Movement Student/HCA Initials RGN Initials			

NEUROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

GLASGOW COMA SCALE		Date	Time
Best Eye Response		4	
Open to verbal command		3	
Open to pain		2	
No eye opening		1	
Best Verbal Response		5	
Orientated		4	
Confused		3	
Inappropriate words		2	
Incomprehensible sounds		1	
No verbal response			
Best Motor Response		6	
Obeys commands		5	
Localising pain		4	
Normal flexion to pain		3	
Abnormal flexion to pain		2	
Extension to pain		1	
No motor response			
TOTAL GCS			
Pupil Scale (mm)			
1 • 2 • 3 • 4 • 5 • 6 • 7 • 8 • 9 • 10			
Pupils		Size (mm)	
+ Reacting		Reaction	
- No Reaction		Size (mm)	
S = Sluggish		Reaction	
C = Closed		Normal Power	
Record each limb if there are significant differences		Mild Weakness	
ARMS		Severe Weakness	
R = Right		Spastic Flexion	
L = Left		Extension	
LEGS		No Response	
P=Paralysed		Normal power	
#=Fracture		Mild Weakness	
		Severe Weakness	
		Spastic Flexion	
		Extension	
		No response	
		Initials	
		Grade	
		NMBI Pin	

Can be replaced with local Neurological Observation Chart

Numerical Pain Assessment Scale

0 No Pain 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Worst Pain Imaginable

Directions: On a scale of 0-10, how would you rate your pain now, if 0 is no pain and 10 is the worst pain imaginable.