

BLOOD CLOTS Am I at risk?

Have you received your Alert Card?





WHAT IS A BLOOD CLOT?

This is the formation of a clot inside a blood vessel, usually in the leg, which may break off and go to the lungs. This can be fatal.

60% of clots happen in HOSPITAL H or in the **90 DAYS** following admission.

Blood clots can be very serious - but there are effective treatments to deal with them and help prevent them

> CSN: 20154240

> > H 🏏

than on an

AEROPLANE!

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A BLOOD CLOT

- -> Swelling or pain in one leg or arm
- \rightarrow Warmth or redness in the leg or arm
- Short of breath or rapid breathing
- -> Chest pain (particularly when breathing deeply)
- Coughing or coughing up blood
 - If you have one or more of these, you may have a clot and need urgent treatment



BLOOD CLOT ALERT CARD

WHAT CAN I DO TO HELP MYSELF?

 \rightarrow Ask for your risk of blood clots to be assessed, especially if you are in one of the higher risk groups listed opposite

Thrombosis Ireland

Spot The Signs... Save A Lif

- \rightarrow Walk and move as much as possible
- \rightarrow Drink plenty of fluids
- \rightarrow If directed to use stockings or

YOU MAY BE AT HIGHER RISK IF YOU: \rightarrow are admitted to hospital and for 90 days after you You have a HIGHER go home CHANCE of getting a clot in **HOSPITAL**

have active cancer or receiving cancer treatment

Am I at risk?

- repregnant or have had a baby less than 6 weeks ago
- → become immobile (more than 3 days in bed / travel non-stop more than 6 hours / in a leg cast)

RISK MAY INCREASE FURTHER IF:

- medication to prevent or treat a clot follow instructions exactly
- Remember, a blood clot in the veins is more likely up to 90 days after being in hospital
- \rightarrow If you have any signs or symptoms of a clot, take immediate action to seek medical help
- 🔶 you or a close relative had a blood clot
- \rightarrow you had surgery in the last 90 days
- → you have thrombophilia (tendency to clot)
- → you are on the oral contraceptive pill or HRT
- rinflammatory disease you have heart, lung or inflammatory disease
- → you are over 60 years of age or are overweight
- → you have varicose veins that become red and sore

Ask to be assessed for your risk of a blood clot.

PP281C



HĨ

Unit 4, Terenure Enterprise Centre, 17 Rathfarnham Road, Dublin 6W, Ireland - D6W YW11

+353 87 363 4828 | info@thrombosisireland.ie | www.thrombosis.ie | Charitable Status Number: 20154240

F Thrombosis Ireland 🔰 @thrombosisirl 🮯 @thrombosisireland in Thrombosis Ireland 🛗 Thrombosis Ireland