Seasonal influenza and pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccines Update and current issues

Dr Brenda Corcoran

National Immunisation Office





Seasonal influenza vaccination programme





2014/2015 Annual campaign

- No change in at risk groups
- Pregnant women
- Health care workers
- Season continues until end of April





Seasonal influenza vaccination programme

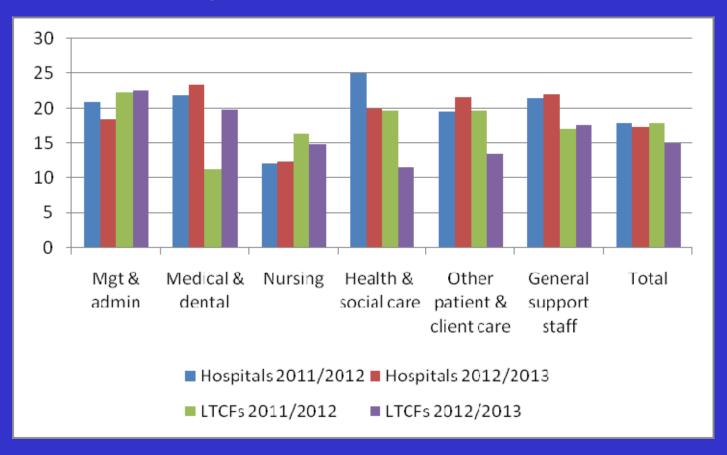
Vaccine uptake for 65+ years with GMS or doctor only card Source:HPSC







Seasonal influenza vaccination programme % vaccine uptake in health care workers



http://www.hpsc.ie/hpsc/A-Z/Respiratory/Influenza/SeasonalInfluenza/InfluenzaandHealthcareWorkers/





Why should health care workers be vaccinated?

"I'm very healthy so my immune system will protect me from flu."

"I know the symptoms and would stay at home if I got sick so I wouldn't infect my colleagues or patients."

"I got the vaccine and it gave me the flu."

- >20% HCWs get flu every year
- may only have mild symptoms and continue to work
- highly transmissible 1 day before & 5-7 days after symptoms
- healthy people can get seriously ill from flu
- vaccine contains killed viruses so cannot cause flu

http://www.immunisation.ie/en/HealthcareProfessionals/Influenza





Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine (PPV23)

Recommended for

- Those aged 65 and older
- Those aged 2- <65 years in specific at risk groups
 - Asplenia or hyposplenism (splenectomy, sickle cell disease, haemoglobinopathies, coeliac syndrome)
 - Children < 5 years with a history of IPD
 - Chronic heart, respiratory, liver, renal disease or nephrotic syndrome
 - CSF leaks congenital or complicating skull fracture or neurosurgery
 - Diabetes mellitus
 - HIV infection
 - Immunosuppression due to disease or treatment
 - Individuals who have received, or are about to receive, cochlear implants
 - Post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, solid organ transplant





Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine (PPV23)

Revaccination

Aged 65 years and older

- Had one dose of PPV23
 - no further dose regardless of immune status
- Had PPV23 more than 5 years before and less than 65 years of age
 - give a once only booster vaccination 5 years later

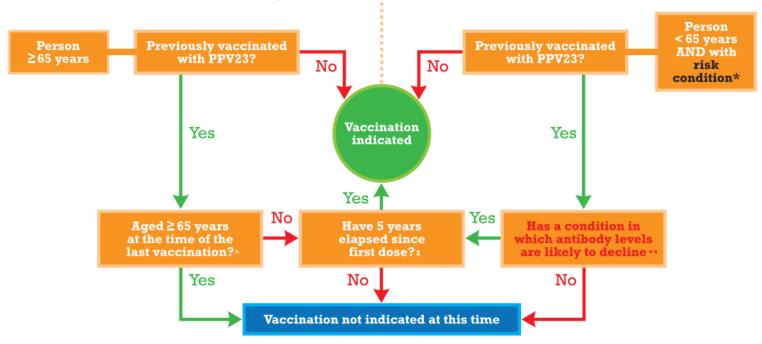
Less than 65 years of age

- if antibody levels are likely to decline rapidly asplenia & hyposplenism immunosuppression chronic renal disease or renal transplant
- booster vaccination 5 years after the first vaccination
- one further PPV booster at or after 65 years of age 5 years after 2nd dose.





Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV23) Algorithm for Vaccination



- * Asplenia or splenic dysfunction (splenectomy, sickle cell disease, coeliac syndrome); chronic renal, heart, lung, liver disease, diabetes mellitus, complement deficiency, immunosuppressive conditions; CSF leak, cochlear implant recipients or candidates for implants; children < 5 years with history of invasive disease.
- ^ Revaccination not indicated for any person who has received a dose of PPV23 at age ≥65 years.
- ‡ If vaccination has been given during chemotherapy or radiotherapy revaccination 3 months after treatment is indicated.
- ** Those with no spleen, with splenic dysfunction, immunosuppression including HIV infection, nephrotic syndrome, renal transplant or chronic renal disease.





http://www.hse.ie/eng/health/immunisation/hcpinfo/fluinfo/algorithmppv.pdf



