Antimicrobials: a simple overview

Prevent or treat infections caused by **bacteria**



such as cellulitis, urinary tract infection, tuberculosis (TB), sexually transmitted infections (STIs) like gonorrhoea **Antibiotics**

(also known as antibacterials)

Antimicrobials

are medicines used to prevent and treat infections caused by microorganisms in humans, animals and plants **Antivirals**

Prevent or treat infections caused by **viruses**



such as HIV, flu chickenpox/shingles or COVID-19

Prevent or treat infections caused by **fungi**



such as thrush, ring worm and athlete's foot

Antifungals

An antimicrobial drug works against **only one** type of organism

Antimicrobial Resistance:

when the microorganisms change or mutate over time and get to a point where they no longer respond to medicines previously used to treat them

Antiparasitics

Prevent or treat infections caused by **parasites**



such as malaria, threadworm and headlice



