

## Roswell Park Modified (Fluorouracil 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> and Folinic Acid 50mg weekly x 6) Regimen

### INDICATIONS FOR USE:

INDICATION	ICD10	Regimen Code	Reimbursement Status
Treatment of metastatic colorectal cancer	C18	00427a	Hospital
Adjuvant treatment of colorectal cancer	C18	00427b	Hospital

### TREATMENT:

*The starting dose of the drugs detailed below may be adjusted downward by the prescribing clinician, using their independent medical judgement, to consider each patient's individual clinical circumstances.*

Metastatic: Folinic Acid and 5-fluorouracil are administered once weekly for 6 weeks followed by a 2 week break (1 cycle = 8 weeks) until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity develops.

Adjuvant: Folinic Acid and 5-fluorouracil are administered once weekly for 6 weeks followed by a 2 week break (1 cycle = 8 weeks) for 3 cycles or until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity develops.

Order of Admin	Day	Drug	Dose	Route and Method of Administration	Cycle
1	1, 8, 15, 22, 29, 36	Folinic Acid (Calcium folinate)	50mg	IV bolus	Every 56 days
2	1, 8, 15, 22, 29, 36	5-fluorouracil <sup>a</sup>	500mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV bolus	Every 56 days

Note: Treatment may be administered once weekly for 4 weeks followed by a 2 week break at the discretion of the prescribing Consultant.

<sup>a</sup>See dose modifications section for patients with identified partial DPD deficiency.

### ELIGIBILITY:

- Indication as above
- ECOG 0-2
- Adequate haematological, renal and liver status

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## EXCLUSIONS:

- Hypersensitivity to 5-fluorouracil, folinic acid or any of the excipients
- Pregnancy
- Breast Feeding
- Severe liver impairment
- Known complete DPD deficiency

## PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY:

The treatment plan must be initiated by a Consultant Medical Oncologist.

## TESTS:

### Baseline tests:

- FBC, liver and renal profile.
- DPD testing prior to first treatment with 5-Fluorouracil using phenotype and/or genotype testing unless patient has been previously tested.

### Regular tests:

- FBC, liver and renal profile prior to each treatment

### Disease monitoring:

Disease monitoring should be in line with the patient's treatment plan and any other test/s as directed by the supervising Consultant.

## DOSE MODIFICATIONS:

- Consider a reduced starting dose in patients with identified partial DPD deficiency.
- Initial dose reduction may impact the efficacy of treatment. In the absence of serious toxicity, subsequent doses may be increased with careful monitoring.
- Any dose modification should be discussed with a consultant.

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- The dose of folinic acid remains fixed at 50mg and is delayed or omitted if fluorouracil bolus is delayed or omitted.

## Haematological:

**Table 1: Dose Modification for Haematological toxicity**

ANC (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L) ( on day of chemotherapy)		Platelets (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L) ( at any stage during cycle)	Dose Modification
≥1	and	≥100	100% Dose
0.5 - 0.99	or	50-99	Delay treatment until recovery*
<0.5	or	<50	Delay treatment until recovery* and consider reducing fluorouracil by 25% for subsequent cycles
Febrile neutropenia			

\*Missed doses will not be made up

## Renal and Hepatic Impairment:

**Table 2. Dose modification for 5-fluorouracil in patients with renal or hepatic impairment**

Renal impairment	Hepatic impairment			
Consider dose reduction in severe renal impairment only	<b>Bilirubin (micromol/L)</b>		<b>AST</b>	<b>Dose</b>
	<85		<180	100%
	>85	or	>180	Contraindicated
	Clinical decision. Moderate hepatic impairment; reduce initial dose by 1/3. Severe hepatic impairment, reduce initial dose by 1/2. Increase dose if no toxicity.			

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## Management of adverse events:

**Table 3: Dose modification schedule based on adverse events**

Adverse Reaction		Dose Modification
<u>Mucositis or Stomatitis</u>  <u>Diarrhoea</u>  <u>Hand and foot syndrome (Palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia syndrome)</u>	Grade 2  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First occurrence</li> <li>• Second occurrence</li> <li>• Third occurrence</li> <li>• Fourth occurrence</li> </ul>	Delay treatment until resolved to Grade $\leq$ 1 and reduce the dose for subsequent cycles as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No dose reduction</li> <li>• Reduce 5-fluorouracil by 25%</li> <li>• Reduce 5-fluorouracil by 50%</li> <li>• Omit 5-fluorouracil</li> </ul>
	Grade 3 or 4  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First occurrence</li> <li>• Second occurrence</li> </ul>	Delay treatment until resolved to Grade $\leq$ 1 and reduce the dose for subsequent cycles as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce 5-fluorouracil by 50%</li> <li>• Omit 5-fluorouracil</li> </ul>

## SUPPORTIVE CARE:

**EMETOGENIC POTENTIAL:** Low (Refer to local policy)

**PREMEDICATIONS:** None

**OTHER SUPPORTIVE CARE:** No specific recommendations

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## ADVERSE EFFECTS / REGIMEN SPECIFIC COMPLICATIONS:

The adverse effects listed are not exhaustive. Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics for full details.

- **Neutropenia:** Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated aggressively.
- **Gastrointestinal toxicity:** Patients treated with fluorouracil should be closely monitored for diarrhoea and managed appropriately.
- **Myocardial ischaemia and angina:** Cardiotoxicity is a serious complication during treatment with fluorouracil. Patients, especially those with a prior history of cardiac disease or other risk factors, treated with fluorouracil, should be carefully monitored during therapy.
- **Dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DPD) deficiency:** DPD is an enzyme encoded by the DPYD gene which is responsible for the breakdown of fluoropyrimidines. Patients with DPD deficiency are therefore at increased risk of fluoropyrimidine-related toxicity, including for example stomatitis, diarrhoea, mucosal inflammation, neutropenia and neurotoxicity. Treatment with 5-Fluorouracil, capecitabine or tegafur-containing medicinal products is contraindicated in patients with known complete DPD deficiency. Consider a reduced starting dose in patients with identified partial DPD deficiency. Initial dose reduction may impact the efficacy of treatment. In the absence of serious toxicity, subsequent doses may be increased with careful monitoring. Therapeutic drug monitoring (TDM) of fluorouracil may improve clinical outcomes in patients receiving continuous 5-fluorouracil infusions.
- **Hand-foot syndrome (HFS):** HFS, also known as palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia (PPE) has been reported as an unusual complication of high dose bolus or protracted continuous therapy for 5-fluorouracil (see Table 3 for dose modifications)

## DRUG INTERACTIONS:

- Marked elevations of prothrombin time and INR have been reported in patients stabilised on warfarin therapy following initiation of fluorouracil regimes.
- Concurrent administration of fluorouracil and phenytoin may result in increased serum levels of phenytoin.
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) is contraindicated in combination with brivudin, sorivudin and analogues as these are potent inhibitors of the 5-FU-metabolising enzyme dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DPD).
- Current drug interaction databases should be consulted for more information.

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Version	Date	Amendment	Approved By
1	14/06/2017		Prof Maccon Keane
2	10/07/2019	Update of exclusion criteria. Removal of INR testing. Update of drug interactions.	Prof Maccon Keane
3	09/10/2019	Update of exclusions	Prof Maccon Keane
4	26/8/2020	Updated exclusion criteria, baseline testing, dose modifications and adverse events with respect to DPD deficiency as per DHPC from HPRA June 2020 Updated Adverse events regarding palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia	Prof Maccon Keane

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5	23/06/2021	Reviewed. Updated eligibility, exclusion criteria and adverse effects	Prof Maccon Keane
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Comments and feedback welcome at [oncologydrugs@cancercontrol.ie](mailto:oncologydrugs@cancercontrol.ie).

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