



# Obinutuzumab cycloPHOSphamide vinCRIStine and prednisoLONE (O-CVP) Therapy – 21 day

# **INDICATIONS FOR USE:**

INDICATION	ICD10	Regimen Code	HSE reimbursement status
Obinutuzumab in combination with CVP chemotherapy is indicated for the treatment of patients with previously untreated advanced follicular lymphoma.	C82	00550a	Obinutuzumab – ODMS 01/05/2019  cycloPHOSphamide, vinCRIStine – N/A

<sup>\*</sup>For post 2012 indications only

#### TREATMENT:

The starting dose of the drugs detailed below may be adjusted downward by the prescribing clinician, using their independent medical judgement, to consider each patients individual clinical circumstances.

- Treatment is administered every 21 days for a maximum of 8 cycles or until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity develops.
  - Obinutuzumab is administered at a dose of 1000mg in combination with CVP on Day 1, 8 and Day 15 of the first 21 day treatment cycle.
  - For cycles 2-8 obinutuzumab is administered at a dose of 1000mg on day one of each 21 day treatment cycle.
- Patients who respond to induction treatment should continue to receive obinutuzumab 1000 mg as single agent maintenance therapy once every 2 months for two years or until disease progression (whichever occurs first) (Reference NCCP regimen 00425 Obinutuzumab Maintenance Therapy-56 days).

Facilities to treat anaphylaxis MUST be present when systemic anti-cancer therapy (SACT) is administered.

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Day	Drug	Dose	Route	Diluent & Rate	Cycle
1	Obinutuzumab <sup>a,b</sup>	1000mg	IV infusion	250mL 0.9% NaCl Administer at 50 mg/hour. The rate of infusion can be escalated in 50 mg/hour increments every 30 minutes to a maximum of 400 mg/hour.	1
1	vinCRIStine <sup>c</sup>	1.4mg/m <sup>2</sup> (Max 2mg)	IV infusion	50mL minibag 0.9% NaCl over 15 minutes	1-8
1	cycloPHOSphamide <sup>d</sup>	750mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV infusion	250mL 0.9% NaCl over 30 minutes	1-8
1, 2,3,4, 5	prednisoLONE	<sup>e</sup> 100mg	РО		1-8
8 and 15	Obinutuzumab <sup>a,b</sup>	1000mg	IV infusion	<sup>f,g</sup> 250mL 0.9% NaCl at a maximum rate of 400mg/hour <sup>,</sup>	1
1	Obinutuzumab <sup>a,b</sup>	1000mg	IV infusion	f,g 250mL 0.9% NaCl at a maximum rate of 400mg/hour	2-8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> If a planned dose of obinutuzumab is missed, it should be administered as soon as possible; do not wait until the next planned dose. The planned treatment interval for obinutuzumab should be maintained between doses.

Refer to NCCP Guidance on the Safe Use of Neurotoxic drugs (including Vinca Alkaloids) in the treatment of cancer Here

Note: Administration volumes and fluids have been standardised to facilitate electronic prescribing system builds.

## **ELIGIBILITY:**

- Indications as above
- Previously untreated, CD20-positive follicular lymphoma (grade 1 to 3a) with advanced disease (stage III or IV, or stage II with bulk disease [tumour of ≥7 cm in the greatest dimension])
- ECOG 0-2
   Adequate haematological, renal and liver status

### **EXCLUSIONS:**

- Hypersensitivity to obinutuzumab, cycloPHOSphamide, vinCRIStine sulphate, prednisoLONE or any of the excipients.
- Pregnancy or lactation

# PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY:

The treatment plan must be initiated by a Consultant Medical Oncologist or by a Consultant Haematologist working in the area of haematological malignancies.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Obinutuzumab infusions should NOT be administered as an intravenous push or bolus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>vinCRIStine is a neurotoxic chemotherapeutic agent.

dcycloPHOSphamide may also be administered as an IV bolus over 5-10 minutes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Alternative steroid regimens may be used at consultant discretion.

filf no infusion related reaction or if an IRR Grade 1 occurred during the prior infusion when the final infusion rate was 100 mg/hour or faster, infusions can be started at a rate of 100 mg/hour and increased by 100 mg/hour increments every 30 minutes to a maximum of 400 mg/hour.

If the patient experienced an IRR of Grade 2 or higher during the previous infusion administer at 50 mg/hour. The rate of infusion can be escalated in 50 mg/hour increments every 30 minutes to a maximum of 400 mg/hour.





# **TESTS:**

#### **Baseline tests:**

- FBC, renal and liver profile
- Cardiac function if clinically indicated
- LDH, Uric acid, SPEP
- Virology screen Hepatitis B (HBsAg, HBcoreAb) & C, HIV\*
   \*See Regimen Specific Complications re Hepatitis B Reactivation

# Regular tests:

- FBC, renal and liver profile and LDH prior to each cycle
- Evaluate for peripheral neuropathy prior to each cycle
- Diabetic patients should increase frequency of monitoring of blood glucose whilst taking high dose steroids
- Cardiac function as clinically indicated

#### Disease monitoring:

Disease monitoring should be in line with the patient's treatment plan and any other test/s as directed by the supervising Consultant.

#### **DOSE MODIFICATIONS:**

- Any dose modification should be discussed with a Consultant
- No dose reductions of obinutuzumab are recommended
- Consider vinCRIStine dose reduction in elderly patients

# Haematological:

Table 1: Recommended Dose modification in haematological toxicity

ANC (x10 <sup>9</sup> /L)		Platelets (x10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	Dose
< 1	and/or	< 75	Delay treatment until recovery. Consider adding G-CSF.

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# **Renal and Hepatic Impairment:**

Table 2: Recommended a-c dose modification in renal and hepatic Impairment:

Drug	rug Renal impairment		mpairment Hepatic impairment	
Obinutuzumab <sup>a</sup>		istment is needed. sis: No need for dose s expected.	No need for dose adjust	ment is expected.
cycloPHOSphamide	CrCl (mL/min)	Dose	Mild and moderate: no expected.	need for dose adjustment is
	≥ 30	No dose adjustment is needed	Severe: not recommend	led, due to risk of reduced
	10-29	Consider 75% of the original dose	efficacy.	
	<10	Not recommended, if unavoidable consider 50% of the original dose		
	Haemodial ysis	Not recommended, if unavoidable consider 50% of the original dose		
vinCRIStine <sup>c</sup>	No need for	dose adjustment is	Bilirubin (micromol/L)	Dose
	expected.	in No wood for door	>51	50% of original dose
	adjustment i	sis: No need for dose s expected.		
<sup>a-c</sup> Renal and hepatic dose	modifications fror	n Giraud et al 2023		

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# Management of adverse events:

#### Table 3: Recommended dose modification schedule of obinutuzumab based on adverse events

Adverse reactions	Recommended dose modification
Infusion Related Reactions (IRR)	
Grade 1-2	Reduce infusion rate. Treat symptoms.
Symptom resolution	Infusion can be continued upon resolution of symptoms and If the patient does not experience any IRR symptoms, the infusion rate escalation can resume at the increments and intervals as appropriate for the treatment dose.
Crada 3	for the treatment dose.
Grade 3	
First occurrence	Temporarily stop the infusion. Treat the symptoms.
<ul> <li>Symptom resolution</li> </ul>	Upon resolution of symptoms restart infusion at no more than half the previous rate and, if the patient does not experience any IRR symptoms the infusion rate escalation can resume at the increments and intervals as appropriate for the treatment dose.  Stop infusion and discontinue treatment.
Second occurrence	
	Stop infusion and discontinue treatment.
Grade 4	
PML	Discontinue treatment
Hypersensitivity reaction	Discontinue treatment

#### Table 4: Recommended dose modification of vinCRIStine based on neurotoxicity

Symptom	Dose of vinCRIStine
Grade 1	100%
Grade 2	Hold until recovery then reduce dose by 50%
Grade 3 and 4	Omit

<sup>\*</sup>Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) version 4.0.

# **SUPPORTIVE CARE:**

# **EMETOGENIC POTENTIAL:**

 As outlined in NCCP Classification Document for Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy (SACT) Induced Nausea and Vomiting linked <a href="here">here</a>

Obinutuzumab: Minimal (Refer to local policy) cycloPHOSphamide: Moderate (Refer to local policy) vinCRIStine: Minimal (Refer to local policy)

# For information:

Within NCIS regimens, antiemetics have been standardised by Medical Oncologists and Haemato-oncologists and information is available in the following documents:

- NCCP Supportive Care Antiemetic Medicines for Inclusion in NCIS (Medical Oncology) link here
- NCCP Supportive Care Antiemetic Medicines for Inclusion in NCIS (Haemato-oncology) link <a href="here">here</a>

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# **PREMEDICATIONS:**

Table 5 describes the recommended pre-medication to be administered before obinutuzumab infusion to reduce the risk of infusion related reactions (IRRs).

Table 5: Premedication to be administered before obinutuzumab infusion to reduce the risk of IRRs

Day of treatment	Patients requiring	Premedication	Administration
cycle	premedication		
		<sup>a,d</sup> Intravenous corticosteroid (recommended)	Completed at least 1 hour prior to obinutuzumab infusion
Cycle 1:	All patients	<sup>b</sup> Oral anti-pyretic	At least 30 minutes before
Day 1		<sup>c</sup> Anti-histamine	obinutuzumab infusion
All subsequent infusions	Patients with no IRR during the previous infusion Patients with an IRR (Grade 1 or 2) with the previous infusion	<sup>b</sup> Oral anti-pyretic <sup>b</sup> Oral anti-pyretic <sup>c</sup> Anti-histamine	At least 30 minutes before obinutuzumab infusion
	Patients with a Grade 3 IRR with the previous infusion OR	<sup>a,d</sup> Intravenous corticosteroid	Completed at least 1 hour prior to obinutuzumab infusion
	Patients with lymphocyte counts >25 x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L prior to next treatment	<sup>b</sup> Oral anti-pyretic <sup>c</sup> Anti-histamine <sup>3</sup>	At least 30 minutes before obinutuzumab infusion

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> 100 mg predniSONE/prednisoLONE or 20 mg dexAMETHasone or 80 mg methylPREDNISolone **Hydrocortisone should <u>not</u> be used as it has not been effective in reducing rates of IRR**.

# **OTHER SUPPORTIVE CARE:**

- G-CSF prophylaxis may be required (Refer to local policy)
- Tumour lysis syndrome prophylaxis (Refer to local policy)
- PJP prophylaxis (Refer to local policy)
- Anti-viral prophylaxis (Refer to local policy)
- Anti-fungal prophylaxis (Avoid the concurrent use of azoles and vinCRIStine)(Refer to local policy)
- Mouth care (Refer to local policy)
- Proton-pump inhibitor (Refer to local policy)
- Prophylactic regimen against vinCRIStine-induced constipation is recommended (Refer to local policy)
- Patients should have an increased fluid intake of 2-3 litres on day 1 and 2 to prevent haemorrhagic
  cystitis associated with cycloPHOSphamide.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> e.g. 1000 mg paracetamol

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> e.g. 10mg chlorpheramine

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> If a corticosteroid-containing chemotherapy regimen is administered on the same day as obinutuzumab, the corticosteroid can be administered as an oral medication if given at least 60 minutes prior to obinutuzumab, in which case additional IV corticosteroid as premedication is not required.





# **ADVERSE EFFECTS:**

Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC).

# **REGIMEN SPECIFIC COMPLICATIONS:**

- **Hepatitis B Reactivation**: Patients should be tested for both HBsAg and HBcoreAb as per local policy. If either test is positive, such patients should be treated with anti-viral therapy. (Refer to local infectious disease policy). These patients should be considered for assessment by hepatology.
- Tumour lysis syndrome/ IRR's: Consider 5 to 7 days of induction steroids for patients with bulky disease.

### **DRUG INTERACTIONS:**

Consult current drug interaction databases and relevant SmPC.

# **REFERENCES:**

- Marcus R et al. Obinutuzumab for the First-Line Treatment of Follicular Lymphoma. N Engl J Med 2017;377:1331-44
- Hiddemann W et al. Immunochemotherapy With Obinutuzumab or Rituximab for Previously Untreated Follicular Lymphoma in the GALLIUM Study: Influence of Chemotherapy on Efficacy and Safety. J Clin Oncol 2018; 36: 2395-2404
- 3. Giraud E L, Lijster B D, et al. Dose recommendations for anticancer drugs in patients with renal or hepatic impairment: an update. Available at: https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37269847/
- NCCP Classification Document for Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy (SACT) Induced Nausea and Vomiting. V5 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www.hse.ie/eng/services/list/5/cancer/profinfo/chemoprotocols/nccp-classification-document-for-systemic-anti-cancer-therapy-sact-induced-nausea-and-vomiting.pdf">https://www.hse.ie/eng/services/list/5/cancer/profinfo/chemoprotocols/nccp-classification-document-for-systemic-anti-cancer-therapy-sact-induced-nausea-and-vomiting.pdf</a>
- 5. Obinutuzumab (Gazyvaro®) 1000 mg concentrate for solution for infusion Summary of Product Characteristics. Accessed January 2024. Last updated November 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/gazyvaro-epar-product-information\_en.pdf">https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/gazyvaro-epar-product-information\_en.pdf</a>
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- 7. cycloPHOSphamide (Endoxana®) 500 mg Powder for Solution for Injection or Infusion Summary of Product Characteristics. Accessed January 2024. Last updated October 2022. Available at: https://www.hpra.ie/img/uploaded/swedocuments/Licence PA2299-027-001 21122018112107.pdf

Version	Date	Amendment	Approved By
1	26/04/19		Dr Brian Bird
2	23/07/2024	Reviewed.  Updated order of administration.  Updated exclusions-pregnancy and lactation. Updated renal and hepatic recommendations in line with Giraud et al. Updated and supportive care section. Added induction phase steroids for bulky disease to Regimen	Dr Brian Bird

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	Specific Complications. Updated in line	
	with NCCP standardisation.	

Comments and feedback welcome at oncologydrugs@cancercontrol.ie.

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