



Palbociclib Therapy - 28 day

INDICATIONS FOR USE:

INDICATION	ICD10	Regimen Code	HSE Approved Reimbursement Status*
Treatment of hormone receptor (HR)-positive, human epidermal	C50	00414a	N/A
growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-negative locally advanced or			
metastatic breast cancer in combination with an aromatase inhibitor			
Treatment of hormone receptor (HR)-positive, human epidermal	C50	00414b	N/A
growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-negative locally advanced or			
metastatic breast cancer in combination with fulvestrant in women			
who have received prior endocrine therapy			

^{*}This applies to post 2012 indications

TREATMENT:

The starting dose of the drugs detailed below may be adjusted downward by the prescribing clinician, using their independent medical judgement, to consider each patients individual clinical circumstances.

Palbociclib is taken once daily for 21 consecutive days followed by 7 days off treatment to comprise a complete cycle of 28 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity develops whichever occurs first.

Day	Drug	Dose	Route and Method of administration	Cycle
1-21	*Palbociclib	125mg daily	PO taken with food, preferably a meal to	Every 28 days
			ensure consistent palbociclib exposure	

^{*}Please note palbociclib should be administered in combination with either an aromatase inhibitor or fulvestrant. In pre-or perimenopausal women, the endocrine therapy should be combined with a luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone (LHRH) agonist.

Palbociclib should not be taken with grapefruit or grapefruit juice.

Pablociclib capsules should be swallowed whole (should not be chewed, crushed, or opened prior to swallowing).

No capsule should be ingested if it is broken, cracked, or otherwise not intact.

Patients should be encouraged to take their dose at approximately the same time each day.

If the patient vomits or misses a dose, an additional dose should not be taken that day.

The next prescribed dose should be taken at the usual time.

ELIGIBILITY:

- Indications as above
- ECOG 0-2

EXCLUSIONS:

- Hypersensitivity to palbociclib or any of the excipients
- Pregnancy
- Breastfeeding

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PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY:

The treatment plan must be initiated by a Consultant Medical Oncologist

TESTS:

Baseline tests:

• FBC, renal and liver profile

Regular tests:

- FBC day 1 and day 15 of first 2 cycles and as clinically indicated
- FBC day 1 from cycle 3 onwards
- For patients who experience a maximum of Grade 1 or 2 neutropenia in the first 6 cycles, complete blood counts for subsequent cycles should be monitored every 3 months, prior to the beginning of a cycle and as clinically indicated
- Renal and liver profile prior to each cycle

Disease monitoring:

Disease monitoring should be in line with the patient's treatment plan and any other test/s as directed by the supervising Consultant.

DOSE MODIFICATIONS:

- Any dose modification should be discussed with a Consultant
- Management of some adverse reactions may require temporary dose interruptions/delays, and/or dose reductions, or permanent discontinuation as per dose reduction schedules provided in Tables 1, 2, and 3

Table 1: Recommended dose modifications of palbociclib for adverse reactions

Dose Level	Dose		
Recommended dose	125mg/day		
First dose reduction (Dose level -1)	100mg/day		
Second dose reduction (Dose level -2) 75mg/day*			
*If further dose reduction below 75mg/day is required, discontinue treatment			

Haematological:

Table 2: Dose modification of palbociclib and management-Haematological toxicities

Grade*	ANC (x10 ⁹ /L)	Platelets (x 10 ⁹ /L)	Dose Modifications
Grade 1 or 2	≥ 1.0	≥ 50	No dose adjustment is required.
Grade 3	0.5-0.99	25-49	Day 1 of cycle: Withhold palbociclib, repeat complete blood count monitoring within 1 week. When recovered to ANC ≥ 1×10^9 /L and platelets ≥ 50×10^9 /L, start the next cycle at the <i>same dose</i> . Day 15 of first 2 cycles: If Grade 3 (ANC 0.5- <1 × 10^9 /L, platelets 25-< 50×10^9 /L) on Day 15, continue palbociclib at the current dose to complete cycle and repeat complete blood count on Day 22.If Grade 4 (ANC < 0.5×10^9 /L, platelets < 25×10^9 /L) on Day 22, see Grade 4 dose modification guidelines below.

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			Consider dose reduction in cases of prolonged (>1 week) recovery from Grade 3 neutropenia or recurrent Grade 3 neutropenia on Day 1 of subsequent cycles.
Grade 3 + Fever ≥ 38.5 °C and/or infection	0.5-0.99	Any	At any time: Withhold palbociclib until recovery to ANC $\geq 1 \times 10^9/L$ and platelets $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$ Resume at next lower dose
Grade 4	<0.5	<25	At any time: Withhold palbociclib until recovery to ANC \geq 1x10 9 /L and platelets \geq 50 x10 9 /L Resume at next lower dose

^{*} Grading according to CTCAE v4.0

Renal and Hepatic Impairment:

Table 3: Dose modification of palbociclib in renal and hepatic impairment

Renal Impairment	Hepatic Impairment
Dose Modifications	Dose Modifications
Renal impairment: no dose adjustment is needed	Child-Pugh A/B: no dose adjustment is needed
Heamodialysis: no need for dose adjustment is expected	Child-Pugh C: 60% of the original dose
Recommendations for palbociclib as per Giraud et al 2023	<u> </u>

Non-Haematological Toxicity:

Table 4: Palbociclib dose modification and management- Non-Haematological toxicities

CTCAE Grade*	Dose Modifications	
Grade 1 or 2	No dose adjustment is required.	
Grade ≥ 3 non-haematological toxicity (if	Withhold palbociclib until symptoms resolve to:	
persisting despite medical treatment)	• Grade ≤ 1,	
	 Grade 2 (if not considered a safety risk for the patient) 	
	Resume at the next lower dose	

^{*}Grading according to CTCAE v4.0.

SUPPORTIVE CARE:

EMETOGENIC POTENTIAL:

As outlined in NCCP Classification Document for Systemic AntiCancer Therapy (SACT) Induced Nausea and Vomiting- <u>Available on the NCCP website</u>

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Palbociclib-Minimal to Low (Refer to local policy).

For information:

Within NCIS regimens, antiemetics have been standardised by the Medical Oncologists and Haemato-oncologists and information is available in the following documents:

- NCCP Supportive Care Antiemetic Medicines for Inclusion in NCIS (Medical Oncology) Available on the NCCP website
- NCCP Supportive Care Antiemetic Medicines for Inclusion in NCIS (Haemato-oncology) Available on the NCCP website

PREMEDICATIONS: Not usually required

OTHER SUPPORTIVE CARE:

- Ovarian ablation or suppression with an LHRH agonist is mandatory when pre/perimenopausal women are administered palbociclib in combination with an aromatase inhibitor, due to the mechanism of action of aromatase inhibitors.
- Palbociclib in combination with fulvestrant in pre/perimenopausal women has only been studied in combination with an LHRH agonist.
- Women of childbearing potential or their male partners must use a highly effective method of contraception while taking palbociclib.

ADVERSE EFFECTS:

Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC) for details.

REGIMEN SPECIFIC COMPLICATIONS:

Palbociclib is subject to additional monitoring. Healthcare professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse reactions.

- Interstitial lung disease (ILD) and/or pneumonitis: Patients should be regularly monitored for pulmonary symptoms indicative of ILD and/or pneumonitis. Patients with new or worsening respiratory symptoms should have treatment interrupted for further evaluation. Patients found to have severe ILD or pneumonitis should have CDK 4/6 inhibitor therapy permanently discontinued.
- Concomitant treatment with inhibitors or inducers of CYP3A4: Strong inhibitors of CYP3A4 may lead to increased toxicity. Concomitant use of strong CYP3A inhibitors during treatment with palbociclib should be avoided. Co-administration should only be considered after careful evaluation of the potential benefits and risks. If co-administration with a strong CYP3A inhibitor is unavoidable, reduce the palbociclib dose to 75 mg once daily. When the strong inhibitor is discontinued, increase the palbociclib dose (after 3–5 half-lives of the inhibitor) to the dose used prior to the initiation of the strong CYP3A inhibitor. Coadministration of CYP3A inducers may lead to decreased palbociclib exposure and consequently a risk for lack of efficacy. Therefore, concomitant use of palbociclib with strong CYP3A4 inducers should be avoided. No dose adjustments are required for coadministration of palbociclib with moderate CYP3A inducers.

DRUG INTERACTIONS:

Current SmPC and drug interaction databases should be consulted for information.

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- 3. FDA Special Alerts: Cyclin-Dependent Kinase 4/6 Inhibitors Safety Alert September 2019 available at: https://www.fda.gov/drugs/drug-safety-and-availability/fda-warns-about-rare-severe-lung-inflammation-ibrance-kisqali-and-verzenio-breast-cancer
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- 6. Palbociclib (IBRANCE®) Summary of Product Characteristics Accessed 27th August 2025. Last updated 16th July 2021. Available at: https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/ibrance-epar-product-information_en.pdf

Version	Date	Amendment	Approved By
1	31/05/2018		Dr J Walshe
2	18/10/2018	Updated Regular Tests	Dr J Walshe
3	23/10/2019	Updated adverse events/regimen specific complications as per FDA Safety alert regarding ILD/pneumonitis	Prof Maccon Keane
4	23/10/2020	Reviewed. Updated regular tests section.	Prof Maccon Keane
5	15/10/2025	Reviewed. Updated in line with standard wording. Amendment to table 2.Updated dose modifications in renal and Hepatic impairment in line with Giraud et al 2023.	Prof Maccon Keane

Comments and feedback welcome at oncologydrugs@cancercontrol.ie.

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